

Lesson Nine Πρώτη ἰσοτιμία

The Negative

οὐκ , οὐθί , οὐκ

I The article οὐκ or οὐθί is joined to the word (Prefix) to change it to negative, commonly used with nouns and adjectives.

Examples:

1.	ΤΑΚΟ	corruption	οὐκ ΤΑΚΟ	incorruption [incorruptible]
2.	ΜΟΡ	death	οὐθί ΜΟΡ	immortal
3.	ΜΟΡΝΚ	ceasing	οὐθί ΜΟΡΝΚ	without ceasing
4.	ΚΑΤ	understanding	οὐκ ΚΑΤ	without understanding
5.	ΝΑΖΤ	belief / faith	οὐθί ΝΑΖΤ	unbelief
6.	ἄπρωα	deserve	οὐκ ἄπρωα	undeserving
7.	ΛΩΜ	fade	οὐθί ΛΩΜ	unfading
8.	ΘΙΣΙ	fatigue	οὐκ ΘΙΣΙ	without fatigue
9.	ΠΙΣΤΑΡΧΕ	αὐτὸς ἄρξας	οὐκ ΠΙΣΤΑΡΧΕ	He (who is) without flesh, took flesh
10.	ΠΙΣΤΑΡΧΟΝ	αὐτὸς ἄρξας	οὐθί ΠΙΣΤΑΡΧΟΝ	ἄμωρος (He who is the timeless became under time, (He who is) alone sinless

N.B. The negative form can be used as a noun or adjective as shown between brackets.

II The article οὐκ is used to negate verbs or sentences, it follows the verb.

Examples:

1. ἄρξας —————> οὐκ ἄρξας
I speak I don't speak
2. ἄρξας —————> οὐθί ἄρξας
He prays He does not pray
3. ἄρξας —————> οὐκ ἄρξας
she came she didn't come
4. ἄρξας —————> οὐθί ἄρξας
they believed they did not believe

5. ἀρῶσι —————> ἀρῶσι ἀν
they went they didn't go

1. ἕνεκεν οὐ θέλω τὸ θάνατον ἀν ἁμαρτωροῦ
Because You do not want the death of the sinner

2. ὄχι δύναται λαλῆσαι ἀν
He cannot speak (pronounce).

Exercise 24

Read the following sentences and underline the negative words.

1. ἅθροισμα ἐρεσᾶσι ἁμαρτωρῶν ἄνθρωποι
(How come) you speak like the ignorant.

2. εἴθε οὐκ ἔλασθες ἄνθρωποι ?
Why do you walk barefooted ?

3. ἄνευ ἁμαρτωρῶν.
Ask without ceasing.

Exercise 25

Change the following sentences to negative.

1. ἔτασεν ἁμαρτωρὸς ἅθροισμα.
When she came, her father became angry.

2. ἔλασθες τὸ βιβλίον.
He held the book.

3. κάθισεν ἐπὶ τῆς καρέκλης.
She sat on the chair.

4. ἔλασθες μετὰ Μίνας.
They spoke with Mina.

5. ἔλασθες μετὰ Μάρκου.
They are angry with Mark.